

History

- + Sutton 1897
 - "functionless remnants of intra-articular muscles"
- → Closed reduction standard
- + Open excision for re-tears

History

- + King 1936
 - Non-uniform fibrous regeneration
 - Peripheral tears healing
- + Smillie 1944
 - 600 cases regeneration

History

- + Fairbank 1948
 - Pre & postop XR up to 14 yr
 - Flattening, joint space loss, osteophytes
 - "possible predisposition to early degenerative changes"
- + Jackson 1968
 - Clinical confirmation

Summary

- No randomised trials or comparative studies
- Good evidence for degenerative changes
- Good arguments for meniscal preservation

Management Options

- + Open total meniscectomy
- Arthroscopic total meniscectomy
- → Arthroscopic partial meniscectomy
- + Open meniscal repair
- → Arthroscopic meniscal repair

Management

- → Northmore-Ball & Dandy 1983
- Open total v Open partial v
 Arthroscopic partial meniscectomy
- † knee scores
- † pt satisfaction
- → ↓ Fairbank changes

Management

- + Allen 1984
- Late degenerative changes after meniscectomy
 210 pts:10-22 years post meniscectomy
- Radiological degeneration was seen in 18%
- increased changes in older patients, abnormal leg alignment,
- lateral meniscectomy

Management

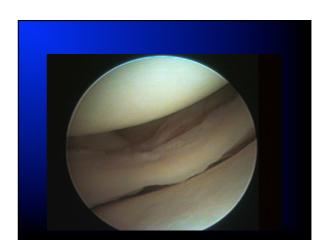
- + Cochrane 2000
- + 3 trials, 260 pts
- + Partial / total / surgical access
- → Long term adv partial not established
- + @6yr
- → No conclusions can be drawn

Repairable Menisci

- + Outer 1/3 Red Red Zone
- → Middle 1/3 Red White Zone

Non-Repairable Menisci

- + Middle 1/3 Red White Zone
- + Inner 1/3 White White Zone
- But... see work by F Noyes on white on white repairs



Meniscal Repair

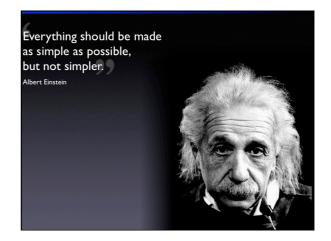
→ 750,000 meniscal procedures/year

+ 1996: 13,54600 repairs + 2000: 200,000 repairs + 2010: 270,000 repairs

Repair Techniques

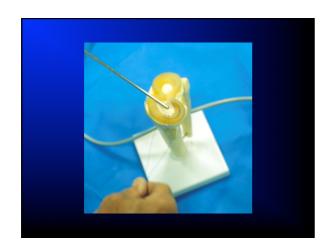
- + Arthroscopic
- Inside-Outside
- Outside-Inside
- + Inside-Inside
- No evidence to compare
- → Implants

Outside-In Technique



Use the KISSO principle

K eep
I t
S imple for the
S imple
O rthopods



Technique Medial Meniscus

- + Arthroscope through anterolateral portal
- + Pass needle through tear
- + Pass monofilament suture through needle



Technique Medial Meniscus

- Retrieve suture through anteromedial portal
- + Mulberry knot
- → Repeat with adjacent stitch
- + Incise skin
- → Identify capsule
- → Tie sutures over capsule







Technique Lateral Meniscus - Scope medial - Identical procedure





Fibrin Clot

- + Enhances healing
- + Large tears
- + Failed repairs
- + Probably not necessary with combined ACL reconstruction



Cannon

- + 90% success combined with ACL reconstruction
- + 60% success with isolated tears

Rosenberg

+ 92% success when repaired in red red zone

Dehaven - open repair

- → 95% success in stable knees
- + 62% success in ACL deficient knees

Rehabilitation

+?

- → Movement and non-weight bearing
- No movement and weight bearing
- Limited movement and partial weight bearing

+?

Conclusions

- → Meniscus
- + Complex structure
- → Multiple functions
- + Limited repair facility
- Meniscectomy bad (?)
- Possibly leave some alone (see RCT in NEJM)
- → Meniscal repair alternative

Conclusions

- + Meniscal repair
- + Indications expanding
- + Alternative techniques
- → Sutures stronger than implants
- + Sutured Acute traumatic best
- + ACL reconstruction beneficial
- + Augmentation may help (rasp, clot)



